

Identity



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Building the BNP

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2007

ANNUAL CONFERENCE

This Month

Nick Griffin discusses the
growing global economic slump

90 years on - the BNP
remember Flanders Fields

News

Our Servicemen Face £1,000 Life Cover

British soldiers, sailors and airmen going to war are now to be charged private insurance premiums of up to £1,000 to make up for inadequate Government compensation for death or injury. The insurance scheme, known as Pax, is run by AIG, the insurance giant.

The MoD's own compensation scheme is limited. A soldier who loses the sight of an eye receives only £28,750 from the MoD, but those with full private insurance get £150,000. The MoD pays £115,000 for the loss of a leg or an arm, but those on Pax receives £300,000.

A spokesman for ABEX, The Association Of British Ex-Service Personnel (www.abex.org.uk Tel: 0871 855 1027) said that it was insulting to our troops that they were expected to pay for the privilege of going to a dangerous theatre of operations.

Foreigners Fill Half New Jobs

The Government has been forced to agree with the claim made by the BNP earlier this year that half of all new jobs have gone to foreigners. This was on October 30th. Having denied it 24 hours earlier, Jacqui Smith, Home Secretary, was forced to admit that 52 per cent of the 2.1 million new jobs created under Labour had gone to immigrant workers.

Frank Field MP, a former cabinet minister, said that the number of jobs taken by immigrant should be 1.6 million, and not 1.1 million, as the new estimate was based on figures from 2003, before the European Union was enlarged.



Immigration Means Council Tax Hikes

As a result of Government policy to try and reduce the backlog of illegal asylum seekers, more and more local councils are being forced to house them. With Barking and Slough now being full in the greater

London area, Enfield has now been told it must house 135 asylum seeker families (447 people). Additionally, there is the strain on local schools and the NHS. Although the Government says it will pay their rents, 135 families who were previously top of the waiting list will now be put in bed and breakfast establishments, courtesy of council tax payers.

It should be noted that the Office For National Statistics Population Survey 2006 revealed that 59 per cent of working age Londoners who lived in local authority housing, such as 'council housing', were not in employment. So they won't be paying council tax.

On top of this a report in *The Daily Mail* last month says that council tax will have to pay for teaching immigrants to speak English under Labour's new plan to encourage 'integration' by making new immigrants abandon their own language in favour of English.



Top Tory Backs Mosque Application

Identity has been given a copy of the following letter from staunch Cameronite Tory MP Francis Maude, addressed to Mr Tom Crowley, Chief Executive of Horsham District Council.

"Dear Tom,

Mr Zeshan Mohammad of Character Cottage, (full address given) has sent me the enclosed letter regarding premises for the Horsham Mosque.

I would be grateful if you would ensure that careful and sympathetic consideration is given to their planning application to use the former Jireh Baptist Chapel as a place of worship."

Note the "careful and sympathetic consideration".

Meanwhile a leading opponent of plans to build Europe's largest mosque in East London, funded by the extreme fundamentalist group Tablighi Jamaat, has seen a sick obituary for him posted on the YouTube internet site and containing pictures of him with his wife and two daughters. He is Cllr Alan Craig, a member

of the Christian Peoples Alliance on Newham Council.

Immigrants jump NHS Queues

Immigrants who can't speak English are being sent to the front of NHS out-patient queues by a growing number of hospital trusts. Their reasoning is that they consider it is cheaper than having costly translators hanging about. But the policy has infuriated patients' groups, as local are forced to wait hours before being seen.

At the London Chest Hospital at Bethnal Green signs clearly warn visitors: "Patients needing trust interpreters will be given priority."

Recent figures show that a staggering £100 million is being spent every year on translators in the public sector. Also, a government report revealed that 'health tourism' costs the NHS more than £62 million a year.

British Doctors Refused Priority

Almost 4,000 British-trained doctors have not got training posts in the NHS in the disastrous junior doctors training system. They have now been told by the Court of Appeal that they cannot be given priority for training posts over foreign medics.

Each of these graduate doctors has cost the taxpayers £250,000. The over subscription for training posts is said to have arisen because of the thousands of applicants from outside Europe, most of which were from Bangladesh, India and Pakistan, and who now have priority under the latest Court ruling. The irony is that the three countries named are in far more need of new doctors and have only one tenth as many as Britain per head of population.

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Tories Replaying the Immigration Con



In 1978, with a general election imminent, Margaret Thatcher claimed she understood "the people's fears about being swamped by immigrants." The National Front, with its strong opposition to immigration, was planning to contest nearly 300 Parliamentary seats at that election and although, unlike the BNP of today, it did not even have one local councillor, the Tories knew that if they could gain just half of the potential NF votes, then they could win the election. The scam worked and for eighteen years neither Thatcher nor John Major Governments did anything effective to control the immigrant flood. With opinion polls now showing increasing support for the Cameron Tories and the electorate's concern with immigration being the top issue, it would seem that history is in danger of repeating itself with the electorate falling for the same old con trick.

We would suggest to readers that they point out to any friends or relatives who appear to be swallowing the Cameronite duplicity on immigration, that in reality the steps proposed so far will have hardly any effect on the colonisation of our country. Cameron has said he wants a "grown up conversation on immigration" and wishes to "put a cap" on the numbers. With ten million more immigrants by 2031, and those already here having families at least three times larger than those of aboriginal Britons, we need at least a specific figure from him (the BNP figure, is of course, zero). We admit that Cameron has also said that we need to set up a border police force with powers to track down and remove illegal migrants, and impose transitional controls on the right of nationals of the new EU member states to work in the UK. Does Dave know that which ever one of his acolytes fed him this piece, it was lifted from the BNP's last election manifesto!

If Cameron's comments on immigration really heralded a tough approach to the problem by a future Tory Government, then his words would not have been greeted with praise by Trevor Phillips, the head of the new equality quango. The West Indian born socialist said: "For the first time in my adult life I heard a party leader clearly attempting to deracialise the issue of immigration and to treat it like any other question of political and economic management."

Now what of the opinions of some of the other Tory party MPs, and would-be MPS? For if Dave no longer maintains his lead as flavour of the month, the party grandees could well ditch him. The popular Boris Johnson - who is not really the fool he personifies in his TV appearances - has written in *The Daily Telegraph*, 25.10.07, his views on global over-population and followed his master's voice in calling for a grown-up discussion on UK immigration. He wrote: "This is not, repeat not, an argument about immigration *per se*, since in

a sense it does not matter where people come from, and with their skill and their industry, immigrants add hugely to the economy."

Boris, you don't really believe that pc codswallop, surely?

Then we have that diminishing breed of brave Tories (diminishing, because so many have now joined the BNP) who have tried to speak up for the public's growing concern with the ever rising immigrant flood. Typical was the treatment given to Nigel Hastilow, the Tory candidate for Halesowen and Rowley Regis. His political 'crime' was that he wrote in a local newspaper an article agreeing with Enoch Powell's warning in 1968 that uncontrolled immigration "would change our country irrevocably". Nigel Hastilow added: "He was right. It has changed dramatically."

Cameron's reaction was to despatch the Party Chairman, Caroline Spelman, to read the riot act to Nigel Hastilow and present him with a press release for him to sign, which had been drawn up by the party's chief spin doctor, Andy Coulson. It included the sentence: "Although I did not - and do not - support Enoch Powell's 'Rivers of Blood' comments, I accept that some of the wording of my column was incredibly stupid."

Nigel Hastilow took the honourable course and refused to sign the 'apology'.

Cameron Supports the EU

We would suggest that the only reason why Cameron supports the call for an EU referendum is because he knows that Brown will not accept it. He has said that if the Lisbon Treaty was ratified, and it was, then we can't go back. He, like Brown with his stolen BNP slogan of "British Jobs for British Workers", must know that because of the EU there is little we can do about immigration!

Under EU law we can do little to restrict the residence of anyone from the other 26 member states. We also have no power to restrict the entry of asylum seekers, since this too is now decided upon by the EU. Under Article 62 the EU now also proposes to abolish any remaining controls "on persons, whatever their nationality, when crossing internal borders." This means once immigrants from Asia, Africa or anywhere else have landed in Europe they can all come to Britain.

To solve UK immigration problems, Britain must withdraw from the EU. The BNP and the diminishing UKIP are the only parties recommending such action. Take your pick.

John Bean



The Crisis of Globalism

» Predicting economic gloom and doom is a dangerous business. The imminent Collapse of Capitalism has, after all, been predicted nearly as often as the Return of all sorts of Messiahs. But this time things really do seem to be turning nasty As super model Gisele Bundchen refuses to be paid in dollars, Nick Griffin looks at the trends and pointers towards serious economic dislocation, and at ways in which the BNP can step up its organisation so as to benefit from the Hard Times that loom ahead.

The credit-market storm is a far more dangerous thing than anything we've seen in memory," warns Jim Glassman, Managing Director of giant investment bank JP Morgan. And he is not alone; in recent weeks the financial columns of heavyweight newspapers and websites all over the world have been overflowing with gloomy predictions and uncertainty verging on collective panic among bankers, financiers and economic analysts.

At the same time, however, government spokesmen and investment managers have kept assuring us that "the economic fundamentals are sound." It's all a little local difficulty in the sub-prime sector that will soon be sorted out, has been the standard line which, needless to say, only terminal optimists actually believe. As one financial website noted: "the time to panic is when officials say, "don't panic."

One phrase keeps on being mentioned by the cynics: US Treasury Secretary Andrew Mellon's firm, confident reassurance that "I see nothing in the present situation that is either menacing or warrants pessimism." Which might indeed be comforting if it wasn't for the fact that the late Mr. Mellon was in the post under President Hoover, and exuded such calm confidence on 31 December 1929, just after the Wall Street crash and just ahead of the Great Depression.

So who is right? There are three possible scenarios: First, that the current credit crisis is something that will blow over without hitting anything other than a few overstretched banks, as did previous shakeouts such as the collapse of the Long-Term Capital Management hedge fund in 1998.

Second, that the credit crunch storm will in due course blow itself out, but not before it has caused significant collateral

damage in the 'real' economy. This will affect large numbers of real people, leading to several years of sluggish growth in which everyone has to tighten their belts before 'normality' returns.

Third, that the global financial system is in the throws of a massive heart attack which will end not just in the destruction of trillions of dollars of junk paper wealth, but also with the death of the post-war hegemony of the Dollar, the collapse of the debt-financed consumer booms that have covered up the deindustrialisation of the USA and Britain, a brutal bout of 'stagflation' - economic stagnation simultaneous with high inflation - and all the popular pain and unrest that one would expect from such a one in a lifetime economic, social and political disaster.

GOVERNMENT SPIN

When I began to research this article three days ago, it was my intention to argue that Scenario One could already be written off as Government spin. That this was and is true is backed up, for example, by Jack Malvey, chief global fixed income strategist at investment bank Lehman Brothers, who was quoted by Reuters on November 9th as saying that "This is the deepest correction we've ever seen in structured finance. This is now worse than Long-Term Capital."

I also intended to suggest that there was probably a fifty-fifty chance of either Option Two or Three being the true picture of the future. To back up this prediction, I intended to quote a succession of financial experts with a view to convincing readers that much harder times are coming, but leaving unanswered the question of how much harder.

So, in between attending to various other important matters in the wake of our

highly successful Annual Conference, I spent several days trawling newspapers and the Internet in order to build up the best possible picture of just how unstable things are in the realms of High Finance and macro-economics.

It turned out to be virtually impossible to keep up with the flood of bad news. What just a few weeks ago was a whiff of panic is now the all-pervasive stench of some of the wealthiest corporations in the history of the planet rotting from the head down, drowned in oceans of toxic debt, and in turn poisoning everything with which they come into contact.

Having collected one set of reports to back up my thesis, I would log on a few hours later to find that they were already out of date and needed to be replaced by new ones making the point even more effectively: This is not a little local credit difficulty for the US financial sector and shareholders in Northern Rock, nor even a replay of the economic weaknesses of the first and final years of the last Tory government; this is going to be an economic crisis of a depth and length unseen since the Great Depression between the wars. This, in a word, is 'it'.

Let's look at just a few of the multitude of pointers that emerged in just a couple of days in mid-November:

"Evoking Depression-era memories, Wells Fargo & Co. President John Stumpf on Thursday became the latest banker to predict continuing difficulties in the US housing market as risky mortgages made to overextended borrowers disintegrate into large loan losses.

"Speaking at an investment conference in New York, Stumpf said the current real estate conditions are the worst he has experienced during his 30-year career. He then punctuated his gloomy assessment by harking back to the deepest downturn of the 20th century.

"We have not seen a nationwide decline in housing like this since the Great Depression,' he said." - San Francisco (Associated Press).

On Friday 9th November, international news agency Reuters ran the following under the headline 'Alarming high risk of systemic shock seen':

"Investors may not be prepared for the real possibility of a further downturn in the financial sector, and the risk of a systemic shock to the system is 'alarming high,' analysts at Morgan Stanley said on Friday in a report.

"At the root of our near-term negativity is the alarmingly high potential for a systemic shock, as well as concerns on the financial system and economic environment due to the derailment of the securitization process.

"In addition to our above concerns, if we begin factoring in escalating energy prices, the collapsing US dollar and a possible wobbling in the emerging markets,

we become even more convinced that the markets aren't braced for the downturn,' Morgan Stanley said."

Among other hair-raising quotes from across the Atlantic were:

"If these items [promised benefits in Social Security, Medicare, Veterans Administration and other entitlement programs] are factored in, the total [debt] burden in present value dollars is estimated to be about \$53 trillion. Stated differently, the estimated current total burden for every American is nearly \$175,000; and every day that burden becomes larger." David Walker, Comptroller General of the United States.

"The subprime black hole is appearing deeper, darker and scarier than they [the banks] thought" - Tony James, president and CEO of Blackstone Group.

Or we can look at a major report in *Business Week* on 19th November:

"The subprime crisis marks the beginning of the end for the long consumer borrow-and-buy boom. The financial sector, wrestling with hundreds of billions in losses, can no longer treat consumers as a safe bet. Already, standards for real estate lending have been raised, including those for jumbo mortgages for high-lend houses. Credit cards are still widely available, but it may only be a matter of time before issuers get tougher.

"What comes next could be scary the largest pullback in consumer spending in decades, perhaps as much as \$200 billion to \$300 billion. Reduced access to credit will combine with falling real estate values to hit poor and rich alike.... Goldman said the full impact on the economy could be even more substantial, because the losses could compel banks and other lenders to curtail lending by as much as \$2 trillion".

Finally, from this brief sample of US-derived warnings comes one from financial

TV station Bloomberg on November 13th:

"There's a greater than 50% probability that the financial system 'will come to a grinding halt' because of losses from mortgages, Gregory Peters, head of credit strategy at Morgan Stanley, said. 'You have the SIVs, you have the conduits, you have the money-market funds, you have future losses still in the dealers' balance sheet in the banks,' Peters said... 'That's all toppling at once.' The risk of systemic shock from the current subprime meltdown is quite large in the near term, Peters said. 'It's an overarching concern that we have,' he said."

SPREADING TO ASIA

To make matters even worse, the credit crunch is now spreading to Asia. Yields on three-month deposits in China and Korea plummeted in spectacular falls in November, caused by panic withdrawals from money market funds and credit derivatives.

"This is a severe warning sign," said Hans Redeker, currency chief at BNP Paribas. "Asia ignored the credit crunch in August but now we're seeing the poison beginning to paralyse the whole global economy."

In addition to the sub-prime shambles, prospects for the entire world economy are also threatened by three other crucial factors: Tight supplies and high demand for oil, which have combined to increase the price of crude by a factor of four in just a few years; the sharp fall in the value of the dollar, which threatens to choke off America's status as "the consumer of last resort", and a looming stock market crash.

The high price of oil not only raises the serious possibility that world production has now peaked (something which would in itself lead to an economic and social



unravelling on an unprecedented scale) but also makes it inevitable that the price of food, energy generally and in fact just about everything will sky-rocket. It's already happening, as *The Observer* reported on Sunday 18th November. The cost of a pint of milk has soared to reach the record level of 33p, while a loaf of bread has hit £1.20 in large stores. The overall addition to the average family's annual food bill is already in the region of £1,000.

On the currency front, many commentators now expect a full-blown dollar crash, with a key warning signal coming from a vice-director of the Chinese central bank, Xu Jian, who said the dollar was "losing its status as the world currency."

Korea's central bank has urged shipbuilders to issue invoices in the local currency and take precautions against the weakened dollar, and three of the world's big oil exporters, Iran, Venezuela, and Russia, are demanding payment in euros or yen, rather than dollars.

With even supermodels - perhaps unfairly not noted for their brains - demanding payment in euros or yen rather than dollars, the greenback could yet sink a long way further, something that would bring severe economic pain to countries like China, as well as to American consumers.

Meanwhile, the Governor of The Bank of England issued an extremely unusual warning on world stock markets, indicating that shares may be heading for a major fall. Mervyn King said the full impact of the credit crunch had not yet been felt on equity markets in the West and in developing countries, saying that the possibility of share price falls were a bigger risk to the world economy than the 'narrower' problems of the banking sector.

As Governor King remarked as he left a major gathering of the International Monetary Fund: "I came away from the meeting more concerned about the implications of these tensions, because the unwinding of [global economic] imbalances is not just a hypothetical prospect, but is happening now. And I think this is a major concern."

How far might the 'unwinding' go? Here's what Gillian Tett said in *The Financial Times* on November 16th: "Behind the scenes - and occasionally in public view - the credit analyst community remains distinctly divided about just how big the final hit might be.

"Thus while some observers project a \$100bn hit, others talk about \$500bn... A decade ago, I covered the Japanese bank crisis and became embroiled in a bad-loan guessing game that continued for many years. The tally of Japanese bad loans was estimated to be about \$100m at the start of the 1990s, but by 1999 had risen to 1,000 times that size. I am told that a similar game occurred during the Latin American debt crisis in the 1980s and the Savings and

Loans crisis - or indeed in almost every other recent banking shock."

Is there any way out? The unwelcome bout of shortage-led price increases already referred to may yet be compounded by the genuinely inflationary impact of huge increases in the money supply as central banks desperately try to stave off recession by lowering interest rates and running the printing presses at full speed in the hope that a fast-increasing money supply will revive growth.

But to buy off recession at the price of hyper-inflation is a stunt which only delays the inevitable, with a short-term 'cure' that is worse than the disease. For the end of that road is clogged with angry crowds taking wheelbarrows full of worthless notes to buy loaves of bread.

REALISTIC ALTERNATIVE

Now, none of this means that the British National Party will be swept to power as a result of a spontaneous awakening of the furious masses. Not long after the fall of Communism, millions of Albanians were caught up in a Ponzi pyramid investment scheme even more blatantly fraudulent than the sub-prime Collateralised Debt scam. The fall-out wrecked the entire economy and discredited various 'post-Communist' politicians, but in the end things settled back to normal.

The lesson is that it isn't enough to sit back and watch the discrediting of the Old, we have to be able to offer - on a large enough scale to break through the media bias - an attractive and realistic alternative 'New'. Even opportunity on a scale not seen for a lifetime will avail us little if we are not sufficiently organised to take advantage of it.

Fortunately, one of the key impacts of the gathering economic storm will be an increase in both the quantity and quality of our new recruits. One of the biggest organisational constraints we have suffered has been that too many people have had 'too much to lose'. Well, many are now going to lose it anyway.

Even more of a drag factor has been the ability of the better educated, wealthier and more capable (not always but quite often the same) to move away from problems and to insulate themselves and their families from the impact of wicked or incompetent government policy decisions. Collapsing house sales, negative equity and growing pressure on many typical white collar jobs and salaries will all tend to force more people to stay put.

"Emigration", Karl Marx pointed out, "is the prophylactic of Revolution," and this is nearly as true of internal 'white flight' as it is of the flood of Brits to Florida, Australia and Spain. Fading 'For Sale' signs in wealthy suburbs where the



high achieving local secondary school has just been merged with a failing sink school on the 'enriched' side of town, will mark out BNP breakthrough areas of exceptional promise even compared with the overall increase in our support which will be created by grim economic conditions and the social evils they will encourage.

But it's not all good news from our point of view. On top of the economic and social hardships that will hit all of us and our families, there are also likely to be costs to our organisation, both nationally and locally.

Since the old National Front was, in terms of public perception, moribund or non-existent during the economic upheavals and pain of the early Thatcher years, we really have no idea of how a radical nationalist party in modern Britain is likely to be affected by a serious recession, let alone the fully blown Slump that is now clearly possible.

Logically, economic pain should heighten disillusionment with the *Ancien Regime*, and heighten competition and tensions between different groups within an increasingly fractured multicultural society. This is sure to lead to lower votes for the Government and higher ones for whichever opposition party is best placed to oust their candidates in elections. In some cases, clearly, this can be us.

But the question of when increased

public discontent will translate into increased BNP membership is not so easily answered. Will people shocked by the collapse of their living standards and sense of security have the time, money and mental energy for politics - or will they be too busy trying to make ends meet, find a second part-time job, keep their relationships intact and so on?

The end of the era of conspicuous and debt-financed consumption is bound to produce a shift back towards public political engagement, but there is no way of telling how long the shock phase will last before it gives way to anger and hence leads to a serious increase in the number and quality of the people willing to engage in radical political action to put things right.

Even more in doubt is how the donations which are by far our biggest source of income will hold up at a time when the vast majority of ordinary people are skint. In a grass-roots party that relies at all levels on Widows' Mites, this could produce serious financial constraints - just at a time when our Establishment opponents are going to be helping themselves to the public purse with state-funding handouts from which they will strive to exclude us.

Here too, the likely trajectory is an initial fall in overall income, later reversed as larger numbers get involved and collectively give and raise more than was done by fewer people in economically less straightened times. In the medium to long term, then, there's nothing to be worried about here, but the question remains - when will the medium to long term arrive?

There are also potential external challenges. The more economic hardship sparks protests and heightens tensions between different communities squabbling over smaller slices from the shrinking pie, the more our Masters will use the police state mechanisms they're creating to hold on to their power.

At its most extreme, the Establishment drive to take the public's attention off their failure at home, and to justify the imposition of ever more repressive control of dissidents, could lead to the deliberate upscaling of the Iraq and Afghan skirmishes into a fully blown mass mobilisation war. An attack on Iran, followed by the occupation of the Saudi oil fields, could prove irresistible to a US government faced with the combination of the collapse of the Federal Reserve fiat money system and the onset of Peak Oil.

WHAT WE MUST DO

All these things make it vital that we:

1. Organise, especially with steps to make everything we do rapidly expandable. Our move to expand and regionalise our Education and Training capacity is just one facet of this;

2. Build our electioneering war-chest, especially for Euro 2009. We especially need to emphasise paper sales, car-boots, scratch cards and the like - things to get money from the public rather than our own limited pool of members;

3. Work at all levels to keep us in the public eye so as to maximise our potential vote and recruitment successes;

4. Secure the long-term stability of the party process by ensuring that the future policies and direction of the BNP is vested in the hands of a well-educated, dedicated and comprehensively nationalist elite - the Voting Membership - so that the long-standing vulnerability of nationalist parties to high-level hijack by factions of liberalisers, self-seekers or extremist cranks is eliminated for good;

In particular it is absolutely vital that we remain vigilant against attempts (we have seen off several in the past, and there will inevitably be more, either from self-seekers, civic nationalists or opposition plants) to impose on the BNP the inherently faction-prone committee-rule system that can sound plausible in theory but which is the common denominator in the division or destruction of nearly every failed nationalist party in history.

5. Construct networks of community associations etc to give us deep roots and, longer term, to begin to enable our people to fill the gaps in the social/welfare/security safety net that will grow wider and wider as the crisis combined with continued corporate privatisation destroys the liberal State's ability to provide such protection;

6. Create or expand counter-power initiatives. For example, a home-schooling network, a nationalist truckers' and farmers' association, a bigger Solidarity trade union; youth development trusts, Community Observation Patrols, etc. There are two key reasons for this:

a) To help to deepen and broaden the water in which we swim, thus bringing large numbers of new potential activists into our orbit, particularly from the near 50% of the population whose disgust with conventional politicians is now so strong that they are effectively 'immune' to party political or electoral appeals;

b) To begin the long process, which must be carried out parallel to building a power-winning electoral machine, of creating broader societal power sufficient when we get to the end game to deter or defeat last gasp Old System attempts to dispute the verdict of the people in democratic elections by refusing to let go.

So we know what we have to do. We know why we have to do it. And we know that historic times are upon us. Let's go to work!



A Mr Harry Patch is Britain's last surviving WW1 soldier who actually fought in the trenches of the Western Front; from June to September 1917. He is aged 109. He took part in the 3rd Battle of Ypres as a machine gunner in the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.

Mr Patch says that for the last 90 years, he has never forgotten his three comrades-in-arms who were killed on September 22nd 1917, in the same shell burst by which he was wounded. He was then to spend the rest of the war in hospital and convalescing. We should always remember Harry Patch and the men who served in the Flanders salient.

The townsfolk of Ypres, Belgium, remember, too. In the wall surrounding the town is a massive stone arch called the Menin Gate. The road through it leads to the town of Menin 2-3 miles to the southeast.

Every day, at 8:00 pm local time, the police stop the traffic via the Menin Gate and 2 buglers from the Ypres Fire Brigade sound *The Last Post* beneath the gate's massive stone arch. This daily ceremony was started on November 11th 1929 and continues to this day, interrupted only by the German occupation of Ypres during WW2, from May 1940 to September 1944. The ceremony resumed the very evening that the Germans were driven out of the town by the advancing Allies.

The walls of the arch are inscribed with the names of 54,896 officers and men from Britain and the Commonwealth who were killed in the Ypres salient between the outbreak of war and 15th August 1917 and have no known graves.

TYNE COT

When the Menin Gate was built, it was found not to be large enough to contain all the names of the missing men. Another 34,984 such names, of men who fell in the salient between August 16th 1917 and the end of the war, are inscribed on the rear walls of Tyne Cot Cemetery, located on the slopes of Passchendaele Ridge, about a mile from the village of Passchendaele itself. The village lies about 6 miles northeast of Ypres.

Passchendaele was captured by the Canadians on November 10th 1917 and was the furthest point the Allies reached in the battle. They took over three months to advance 5 miles. When it fell, Passchendaele village was little more than a brick-coloured stain on a watery landscape with the shell holes almost lip to lip.

During the battle, the area where the cemetery now stands was occupied by many concrete blockhouses or pillboxes, manned by German machine gunners. The Geordie soldiers of the 50th Northumbrian Division likened these blockhouses to stone cottages along the banks of the River Tyne and called the area Tyne Cot. The name has stuck to this day.

Soldiers of an Australian 4th Division field artillery brigade on a duckboard track passing through Chateau Wood, near Hooze in the Ypres salient, 29 October 1917. The leading soldier is Gunner James Fulton and the second soldier is Lieutenant Anthony Devine. The men belong to a battery of the 10th Field Artillery Brigade.

Flanders Fields 90 Years On

» This report is based on a talk given recently by Alan O'Reilly to a number of BNP branches in the North East and Yorkshire. Last month we were 90 years on from the end of the 3rd Battle of Ypres, fought in Belgium during WW1. It is often referred to as Passchendaele, or Flanders Fields. It was fought between July 31st and November 10th 1917 and has gone down in history as the very worst of the 'mud and blood' of the trench warfare of the First World War.

Tyne Cot Cemetery itself contains 11,953 graves. It is the largest Commonwealth War Graves cemetery in the world.

VC WINNERS

The graves at Tyne Cot include two winners of the Victoria Cross, buried close to where they won their awards - and lost their lives. They were both Australians; Captain Clarence Jeffries and Sergeant Lewis McGee. Sergeant McGee came from Tasmania, the detached bit of Australia at the bottom. He was 29 years of age and he left a widow, Eileen Rose. Captain Jeffries came from Wallsend, New South Wales. He was 23 years old.

During the recent Iraq War some controversy surrounded the award of a VC to a black soldier who drove his vehicle

away from a post of danger while the vehicle was on fire. It was suggested that because the recipient was black, the award was a political VC.

Be that as it may, it prompts the question, what did it take to win a Victoria Cross in WW1?

An extract from *The London Gazette*, No. 30433, dated 18th Dec., 1917, records the following about Captain Jeffries:- "For most conspicuous bravery in attack, when his company was held up by enemy machine-gun fire from concrete emplacements. Organising a party, he rushed one emplacement, capturing four machine guns and thirty-five prisoners. He then led his company forward under extremely heavy enemy artillery barrage and enfilade machine-gun fire to the objective. Later, he again organised a successful attack on a machine-gun emplacement, capturing two



War, all theatres, over a third were buried in the Ypres area."

That amounts to over 300,000 individuals from Britain and the old Dominions.

Purnell's History of the First World War, Volume 6, Page 2358, puts the total casualty figures for the 3rd Battle of Ypres at 524,000; 200,000 German, 324,000 British and Allies. Each yard of ground gained during the battle cost Britain and her Allies 30 men.

Amongst the Allied casualties were 80,000 or 90,000 dead and missing. The missing were almost half the total of fatal casualties and consist of those individuals whose remains were never found or identified. Their names are commemorated on the panels of either the Menin Gate or Tyne Cot Cemetery.

Of course, the occupants of many of the graves in Tyne Cot and other WW1 cemeteries were unidentified and the inscription on the headstone reads: *A Soldier of the Great War, 1914-1918, Known Unto God*. That expression Known Unto God is a quotation from a 1611 Authorised King James Bible. The English-speaking peoples of Britain and the Old Dominions will never get away from that Book, no matter what they do. It is one thing that unites them. But they were united in 1914-18 and in 1939-45 - and won the victory each time.

Like the BNP song says, they stood together. We should remember that as well.

In fact, at the outbreak of WW1, the Canadian Prime Minister said, "When Britain is at war, Canada is at war. There is no distinction." The Australian Prime Minister said, "If England goes to her Armageddon [the final battle of the age], Australia will go with her."

The young men proved it so. An Australian war correspondent and poet, Andrew Barton Patterson, expressed the ties of blood and race between Britain and the old Dominions as follows. The words relate specifically to the Boer War but apply equally to both world wars.

machine guns and thirty more prisoners. This gallant officer was killed during the attack, but it was entirely due to his bravery and initiative that the centre of the attack was not held up for a lengthy period. His example had a most inspiring influence."

Sergeant McGee was killed in a similar attack, displaying similar bravery. Their deeds were magnificent but the news reports must have been cold comfort to the loved ones who got the telegrams, like Eileen Rose. But you can judge for yourself whether or not you think that Iraq VC was a political one.

THE COST

As indicated, the Flanders area was fought over for most of the war. One researcher has reported that

"Of all the British dead of the Great

"From far New Zealand's flax and fern,
from cold Canadian snows,

"From Australian plains, where hot as
fire the summer sunshine glows

"There met, beneath the world-wide
flag, the world-wide Empire's sons;

"They came to prove to all the earth
that kinship conquers space,

"And those who fight the British Isles
must fight the British race!"

These are the ties of blood and race that our present leaders despise and are trying to destroy. They have to be resisted.

RUTHLESS ENEMY

But as the British Resistance grows, so will the opposition. The Passchendaele battle provides a grim illustration of this fact.

At dawn on October 9th 1917, 85 Australians under the command of Lieutenant Frank Scott carried out a raid on German positions in Celtic Wood, on the right of the Flanders salient.

Lieutenant Scott led his men down a slope into the wood where they immediately came under attack. Later, 14 unwounded men returned to the Australian lines. They were the only members of Lieutenant Scott's company who got back from the wood.

Painstaking research eventually accounted for 34 of the missing men but exactly what happened to the other 37 is still a mystery. None of their graves have ever been found. The most likely explanation is that the German defenders took revenge on Lieutenant Scott's company for numerous casualties that Australians had inflicted in an earlier raid. It appears that the Germans killed or captured all of the missing men, shot the prisoners out of hand and buried the bodies in unmarked graves.

That incident serves as a grim reminder that our opponents will get more vicious as the Party becomes more successful as the far-left aggression against Nick Griffin's Oxford Union appearance showed.

PERSONAL RECOLLECTIONS

Many sources are available that will describe the course of the battle. It is not my purpose to go over that here. What are most important are the recollections of individuals who endured the battle. They highlighted various aspects of the campaign.

Corporal Joseph Pincombe spoke of the mud and the incessant shelling:

"We had to go through Ypres and up the Menin Road... Everywhere, as far as you could see, there were spurts of earth from shells bursting and bursts of shrapnel and high explosive... We could see stretcher-bearers coming through the mud to bring the wounded out. They were up to their knees in it, wallowing in it, struggling up carrying their stretchers to the field

dressing-stations at the roadside. We could see the doctors and orderlies outside, working in their shirtsleeves, even in the rain, and everywhere, all over the road and shoved to the side were broken wagons, gun carriages and dead horses. You couldn't speak, the gunfire was so terrific, but you don't really hear the explosions individually you just see them going off like geysers shooting up in the air. As far as you could see in front of you and to either side, there was nothing but mud, mud, mud for miles and just a few stumps of trees here and there and all hell let loose around you."

Movement over many parts of the battlefield was only possible by means of miles of planking, called duckboards laid down by the Royal Engineers and the Pioneer Corps.

In the 3rd Battle of Ypres, the Germans used for the first time the terror weapon of mustard gas, a vaporising liquid that causes hideous burns and blisters.

Padre William Doyle spoke of his horror at the sight of a victim:

"The first thing I saw almost unnerved me - a young soldier lying on his back, his hands and face a mass of blue phosphorus flame. He was the first victim I had seen of the new mustard gas the Germans were using."

As in any battle, if you were seriously wounded and not long for this world, it was good to have a mate beside you.

Private Harry Patch was in a situation like that:

"I fell in a trench. There was a fella there. He must have been about our age [nineteen]. He was ripped shoulder to waist with shrapnel. I held his hand for the last sixty seconds of his life. He only said one word: 'Mother.' I didn't see her, but she was there. No doubt about it. He passed from this life into the next, and it felt as if I was in God's presence. I've never got over it. You never forget it. Never.

"Some of the boys buried here are the same age as me, killed on the same day I was fighting [aged nineteen]. Any one of them could have been me. I didn't know whether I would last longer than five minutes. We were the Poor Bloody Infantry



and we were expendable. What a terrible waste."

Private Réginald Le Brun was a Canadian machine gunner. Like many Dominion soldiers, he was a first generation colonial. He had been born in the Channel Island of Jersey and afterwards he and his parents had emigrated to Canada where he'd grown up yet more close links with the old country.

He said this about seeing most of his mates killed and wounded, something that happened to many WW1 survivors.

"They pushed the machine-guns right out in front. There was nothing between us and the Germans across the swamp. Three times during the night they shelled us heavily, and we had to keep on spraying bullets into the darkness to keep them from advancing. The night was alive with bullets.

By morning, of our team of six, only my buddy Private Tombes and I were left. Then came the burst that got Tombes. It got him right in the head. His blood [and everything] spattered all over the front of my greatcoat and gas-mask. I was there trying to wipe it all off. It was a terrible feeling to be the only one left."

Women as well as men served in the Flanders campaign.

Sister Jean Calder served in a Casualty Clearing Station:

"We'd had boys coming in all week...and we'd been busy, but the ones we got at the weekend were in a shocking state, because so many of them had been lying out in the mud before they could be picked up by the first-aid orderlies. Their clothes were simply filthy...We had to cut them off and do what we could. But it was too late



for a lot of them, and many a one lost an arm or a leg that would have healed up right away if he'd been brought straight in. We felt terribly sorry for them but we had to try not to show our feelings, because it would never have done. We'd all have been sunk in gloom and then we'd have been no good to the men... But it was hard not to show sympathy."

You can understand why the lads tended to regard the nursing Sisters as "The Roses of No-man's Land."

NO AFRICANS OR INDIANS

No black African or Indian units fought at Passchendaele. It was recognised by the end of 1915 that their infantry could not withstand the prolonged, combined cold and wet of the autumn and winter months on the Western Front.

No disrespect to those races but I know of no complaints of discrimination resulting from that realisation. However, it raises the question, why populate a country like Britain with black Africans and Asians? In the long term, it would only weaken that nation's physical resilience. I guess that is the agenda.

FINALLY

When Harry Patch made his first visit back to the Flanders salient about three years ago, he said to his driver that he did not want to go anywhere near Pilkem Ridge. Pilkem Ridge is on the left of the salient and it was the place where Harry was wounded and his three mates were killed. The memories were still painful, after almost 90 years.

But later on during the visit, he asked to be taken up to Pilkem Ridge so that he could place a wreath at the memorial, in memory of his three friends. And so he did. He attached a card to the wreath and it read, "You have never been forgotten."

And we should never forget. We owe so much to the men and women- who served in Flanders Fields. It's our fight now, for race and nation. Let's keep on until we win the victory, like they did.

Tyranny from Democracy

» Articles in recent issues (November and August) have covered the attitude of the ancient Greeks, and Plato in particular, to Nationalism. David Hellewell now highlights some of Plato's comments on democracy, which have a remarkable similarity to what is happening with British democracy today.

On re-reading Plato's *Republic* (Penguin Classics 1987) I was rather staggered to find his dialogue on how (in his view) tyranny arises out of democracy. To me this precisely enunciates in detail the actual situation of British 'democracy' today. There are numerous references to the views of 'invaders' and 'modernists' and, believe it or not, expressions of political correctness.

In Book 2 chapter 7 *The Democratic Character*, can be found the following:

[By the modernisers/democrats] a young man's mind is filled by... an invasion of pretentious fallacies and opinions.

They [the invaders] call shame silliness and drive it into disgrace and exile; they call self-control cowardice and expel it with abuse.

They leave the soul of their victim swept clean, ready for the great initiation which follows, when they lead in a splendid garlanded procession of insolence, licence, extravagance, and shameless courage.

He lives from day to day, indulging the pleasure of the moment. One day it's wine, women and song, the next water to drink and a strict diet. Often he takes to politics and keeps jumping to his feet and saying or doing whatever comes into his head... There is no order or restraint in his life, and he reckons his way of living is pleasant, free and happy.

A very good description of one who believes in liberty and equality - we can fairly call him the democratic man. Book 2 chapter 8 *Tyranny*:

The conflict of rich and poor in democracy, and the tyrant's rise as popular champion.

Tyranny arises out of democracy in the same way that democracy arises out of oligarchy. You must have heard it said that this (liberty) is the greatest merit of a democratic society, and for that reason it's

the only society fit for a man of free spirit to live in.

An excessive desire for liberty at the expense of everything else is what undermines democracy and leads to tyranny.

A democratic society in its thirst for liberty may fall under the influence of bad leaders... the principle of liberty is bound to go to extremes.

It becomes the thing for father and son to change places, the father standing in awe of his son, and the son neither respecting nor fearing his parents, in order to assert what he calls his independence; and there's no distinction between citizen and alien or foreigner.

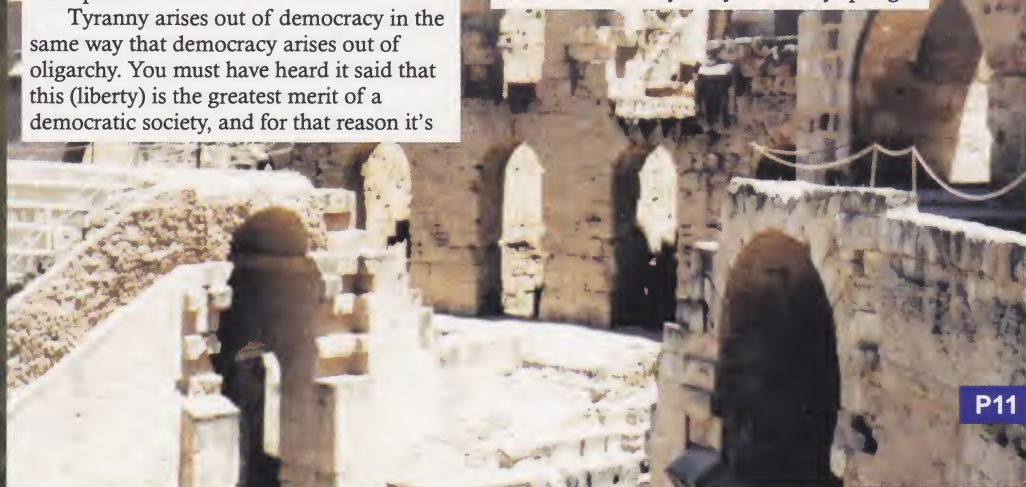
The teacher fears and panders to his pupils, who in turn despise their teachers and attendants; and the young as a whole imitate their elders, argue with them and set themselves up against them, while the elders try to avoid the reputation of being disagreeable or strict by aping the young and mixing with them on terms of easy good fellowship.

The minds of the citizens become so sensitive that the least vestige of restraint is resented as intolerable.

The extreme of popular liberty is reached in this kind of society when [there is] complete equality and liberty in the relations between sexes.

The minds of the citizens become so sensitive that the least vestige of restraint is resented as intolerable.

Their leaders rob the rich, keep as much as they can for themselves, and distribute the rest to the people... this leadership is the root from which tyranny invariably springs.



Conference Motions

The Annual Conference is where the BNP's best, brightest and hardest working activists - the Voting Members - get rewarded for the year's hard work. They have the right to vote on the direction the party takes as policy is debated before them. Each Voting Member gets one vote and everyone has the right to speak on the motions put forward. This is a showcase of true democracy and, showing that the BNP is the only political party that truly values its membership.

MOTION 1

This conference believes that BNP policy should be to abolish the use of automatic number plate recognition cameras and vehicle tracking transponders for the use of traffic policing. This is not simply a question of 'motorists' rights' as opposed to law enforcement, but rather a fundamental question of freedom, privacy and the relationship between the Citizen and the State.

PASSED

MOTION 3

This conference believes that hard labour is preferable to corporal punishment as a penalty for criminal offences. Such labour would be paid, but all payments would go to the victim rather than the offender. This would enable victims to receive compensation paid for by the offender, with the sentence being determined by the amount of compensation appropriate to the offence.

PASSED

MOTION 2

This conference believes that the British National Party should make the war on drugs one of our main policies. The issue should be targeted from a narco-terrorism point of view whereby foreign influences mean that our population is being deliberately terrorised. The BNP should do more to promote its anti-drug stance and should make it clear that the death penalty should be an option for judges when dealing with dealers, and that stricter sentences should be passed on users.

PASSED

MOTION 4

This conference believes it should be BNP policy for the immediate and permanent deportation of any foreign national found guilty of any criminal offence against British wildlife. This is due to the continued decimation of British freshwater fish stocks and wildfowl by newly arrived "asylum seekers" and eastern European migrant workers. Urgent action is needed by environmental and law enforcement agencies if we are to avert irreparable damage to some of our most fragile and precious natural habitats.

PASSED

MOTION 5

This conference deplores the fact that our country's taxation system is grossly inequitable - unfairly favouring 'the haves' at the expense of 'the have-nots'.

This Conference believes that, in principle, a progressive and direct tax is preferable to a regressive and indirect tax. Under the present system the poorest third of our citizens pay a much larger proportion of their income in tax than the richest third. This cannot be right, and, as nationalists, we believe that economic justice is an essential element in the construction of a socially cohesive and strongly patriotic society.

This conference therefore resolves to shift a major portion of the burden of taxation, from those who can least afford to pay, to those who can most easily afford to pay. To this end it is resolved that a future British National Party government shall:-

- 1) Completely abolish VAT, saving billions of pounds in administration and collection costs, as well as more billions of pounds currently lost through organised fraud;
- 2) Introduce a 'food miles' tax, specifically targeting the supermarkets, whereby they will pay a levy on imported produce, on a sliding scale, according to the distance traveled from source to British port of entry - small retailers to be exempt.

DEFEATED**MOTION 6**

This conference believes that Great Britain has some of the strictest gun laws in the world and yet the vast majority of gun crime is committed by criminals rather than licensed gun owners. We believe that BNP policy should be to introduce tougher sentences for gun crime and illegal possession of weapons and ammunition and that the law enforcement authorities should concentrate resources on the criminals rather than legitimate gun owners and users. As such, we believe that BNP policy should also be to restore to legitimate and law-abiding gun owners the right to possess and use all the varieties of firearms they were entitled to before New Labour's 1997 gun-grab.

PASSED**MOTION 7**

This conference believes that the second chamber in the Houses of Parliament (still for traditional reasons to be called the House of Lords) should be constituted as follows: half should consist of delegates roughly proportionately from the four national Parliaments (of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland) and these assemblies should be elected by proportional representation; and the other half should consist of delegates from the parishes of our traditional counties and urban boroughs - nominees as outlined in the Local Government Manifesto. This would tie our devolved system into the Union and give national importance and influence to our vital local communities.

DEFEATED**MOTION 8**

This conference believes in the restoration of the sanctity of secret ballot in elections in Britain, whereby voters must present themselves in person at the designated polling station to cast their vote by hand on the day of the poll. The scrapping of other forms of voting practices including internet based voting and extended voting. Postal voting should be used as it was ten years ago. The conduct of elections in Britain must not only be beyond reproach, it must also be seen to be so.

PASSED**MOTION 9**

This conference resolves that at each conference the Voting Membership shall appoint a scrutiny panel who shall act as lay auditors.

DEFEATED



Annual Conference 2007

Quite simply this year's Annual Conference was the biggest and most professional event of this type the party has ever held.

Beginning with a black tie gala dinner on the Friday evening things got off to a bang. The after dinner speech was delivered by Arthur Kemp, the new head of Voting Member training, who gave an inspiring talk which tied historical acts of valiance with today's modern struggle for Britain.

Saturday morning saw nearly 200 BNP delegates register for the training day which covered a range of new topics and ideas not previously covered at the Summer School, it also saw the launching of the new Education and Training department, with complete sets of computer and projection training equipment being handed over to each region.

The main hall was packed as delegates listened to speeches by Nick Griffin and Arthur Kemp, Jackie Griffin, Mark Collett and John Ryde, Simon Darby, Steve Blake as well as numerous other local and



national officials including the head of our newly announced intelligence department Lance Stewart, a former high-ranking police officer and a veteran from the very first BNP way back in 1959.

Whilst the stage in the main room was kept busy other seminars took place elsewhere in the hotel, with talks by the National Elections Officer Eddy Butler and by the Treasury team, John Walker and Dave Hannam, who gave vital training to branch and regional fund holders.

The evening saw a huge buffet and disco as well as live entertainment, including a great set Elvis Presley! Long after the entertainment had finished old friends were found re-aquainting themselves in the bar.

The Sunday saw the conference itself

take place. The day was opened by the party leader Nick Griffin and was chaired by deputy leader Simon Darby. Speakers from all over the country debated motions put forward by the voting members from different regions at their respective meetings earlier in the year.

The debates were lively with everyone getting a chance to speak and then vote on the direction the party should take in the future.

With three years of Annual Conferences now under our belt, the 'culture of debate and responsibility' which Nick Griffin called for when he created this system is clearly taking root. The British National Party is more and more in the hands of the people who are building it - the Voting Members.





T.E.A.C.H

The Truth

When I was at secondary school in the late 1970s I was fortunate enough to have a history teacher who knew how to teach this vital but now sadly neglected subject. This was before political correctness had taken hold, corrupting and stifling the truth and our teacher was able to enlighten and enthuse us about the past without fear of persecution.

This of course is no longer the case and history teachers must tread very warily if they are to avoid censure. Indeed the very subject I was taught so wonderfully is under threat and currently, according to OFSTED, pupils are leaving school with a poor understanding of history and this is borne out in a recent report by the Historical Association. While there are those who may say 'so what?' to this, history and the correct teaching of it is of fundamental importance to all nationalists. Many British children (and not a few adults) have an amazing ignorance of our history. They are unaware of their heritage, have little identity and a subsequent lack of national pride. This is why we should be thoroughly alarmed at what is going on in our schools and by how history is being doctored to fit a multicultural society. Indeed, the contents of the Historical Association report has wider implications for our future.

The report itself, which I wouldn't recommend as light reading, is titled *Teaching Emotive And Controversial History* (T.E.A.C.H) and is the result of research carried out by the Historical Association, supported by a grant from the Department for Education and Skills. Wading through its thirty odd pages however there can be found some shocking but highly instructive passages that point out not only what is wrong in class but what is faulty with a politically correct society as a whole. The report also shows exactly how our children are being brainwashed and

» Lee Watts explains that a new report from the Historical Association titled *Teaching Emotive and Controversial History* (T.E.A.C.H) is an instruction to brainwash our children by the multicultural distortion of our history.

poisoned with a distorted multiculturally influenced history.

To begin with the report's almost apologetic introduction says that "history often touches on social, cultural, religious and ethnic fault lines and that many teachers avoided controversy in the classroom." This interesting admission that fault lines do actually exist in the perfect multicultural world also tells us that our teachers in effect cannot properly do the job they are paid to in case they offend somebody. Replace the word teachers with government and classroom with society and it sounds like the country in general. The report goes on in much the same vein with plenty of the usual well worn and tired politically correct speak such as 'emphasizing similarities', 'inclusiveness' and the

Goodbye to

The French and the Germans may call it France, the Americans the United States, but don't say you're English, that's wrong

At the time, they have scraped it and then they've covered it up, and they must not touch our children's history like Shakespeare, Milton and (not to mention) their own religious and linguistic

We are not European, how can we be? Europe is a mile away over the sea, we are English from England, we are And stand and be counted with them

I tell you I'm not a Jew, the Jew was born in the East, he's the one who's got to go, it's the Jew who's got to go, it's the Jew who's got to go

Roll out of the wagons, there's more of us all over the way, roll out of the wagons, we're coming to stay, roll out of the wagons, they're coming to stay, roll out of the wagons, they're coming to stay, roll out of the wagons, they're coming to stay, roll out of the wagons, they're coming to stay

Where Has My Country Gone?

Colin Auty

Truth Hurts

by Colin Auty

The new album by BNP Councillor Colin Auty. Available to buy online at www.greatwhiterecords.com or by sending a cheque or postal order made payable to 'Great White Records' for £11.00 (inc. p&p) to PO Box 74, Market Weighton, York, YO43 4WT

'celebration of diversity' all of which seem superficially harmless enough. What cannot be considered harmless however is the advice this report gives on subject matter and how to avoid controversy by selecting which areas can be taught and how.

In the report teachers are urged to seek opportunities to 'consider issues such as the movement of populations' and the 'composition of the UK and how it evolved over time from Romans, Saxons and Vikings', whilst presumably avoiding such emotive words as 'invasion'. Also the 'nature of Britishness can be addressed for example by the black presence in Tudor and Victorian times'. Teaching must be "positive and inclusive, the multicultural nature of society can be emphasised by drawing attention to the presence of black soldiers in the Roman army." (There were no Black African soldiers in the Roman Army: Carthaginians and Romans born in the North African Mediterranean strip).

Teachers are encouraged to stress "change and continuity indicating society in a continuous state of flux." It is almost a relief to finally read that "the Tudor period can be taught within a very traditional framework," but then there is the proviso to include "Elizabeth I's concerns about the increasing numbers of blackamoors... so as to debunk the myth that blacks only arrived in England recently." Incidentally if this is such a myth I suggest looking at a school class photo from 40 years ago and comparing it to one now, the difference will be glaringly obvious.

MULTICULTURAL JUNK

When reading this junk it becomes only too obvious that a multicultural political agenda is being pushed first and foremost and that the actual teaching of history is of little value to the authors. If further proof of this is needed the BNP (and no other political party) are even mentioned in the report on page 32 where 'the local area has also seen growing activity from the BNP'. Why a political party should be mentioned at all in this shameful report on teaching history speaks volumes, either that or they are worried about any future grants unless they take the official politically correct line.

It is not only what children are being taught that is of grave concern but what is being deliberately omitted from their lessons. As well as a political agenda, plain moral cowardice seems to have a role in this as the report also admits, particularly where Islam is concerned, "learning about past relations between Islam and the West is potentially a most controversial and challenging aspect." An instance of this occurred when a history department in a Northern city avoided selecting the Holocaust as a topic for GCSE "for fear of confronting anti-semitic sentiment amongst some Muslim pupils."

Another department deliberately avoided teaching the Crusades because "their balanced treatment of the topic would have directly challenged what was taught in some local mosques." Equally disturbing, disgusting and cowardly was the item stating that "positive female role models might be antagonistic for some cultures." Such a mediaeval view of women can surely have no place in our society and what should be taught in all schools is a case of like it or lump it!

It is plain to see from this what is going on in our schools and the report's contents are indicative of what is happening generally in society. This Government has always hated anything that smacks of tradition and dislikes history in particular. It is extremely worrying when those who teach our children and the ministers and officials who employ them refuse to look history in the face because they are frightened of what they will see and feel uneasy. The facts of history can usually spoil the typical liberal's naive wishful thinking as much as the facts of life. Doubtless there are many who would like to teach history properly without the multicultural straightjacket but as we can see this is becoming increasingly hazardous. We must therefore keep a close eye ourselves on what our children are taught and remember always that "a nation that forgets its history has no future."

Book Review: Florence Nightingale

» By Arthur Kemp

Excalibur books is pleased to announce that it is continuing to extend its range of children's books, as announced in last month's issue of *Identity*.

Excalibur has taken as its primary motivation in the selection of its children's books a desire to ensure that:

- (a) our children are presented with healthy role models;
- (b) that the books be valuable and not 'pulp'-grade reading material, and
- (c) that they contain no negative or destructive multi-cultural propaganda.

Last issue we looked at the great British adventurer Captain James Cook. This issue we will look at another British icon: Florence Nightingale.

Born into a wealthy family, Florence Nightingale could have lived a life of leisure and luxury. Instead, she longed to be a nurse. In 1830, that was the last thing a rich girl could do - but Florence was no ordinary girl.

This tale begins with the childhood of Florence, a girl so named in honour of the beautiful Italian city of her birth in 1820. Florence and her sister Parthenope (the poor girl was not as fortunate as her sister when it came her birth place and name), the daughters of Fanny and William Nightingale, enjoyed a very privileged upbringing in Victorian England. Florence was clearly academically gifted, and excelled at her studies.

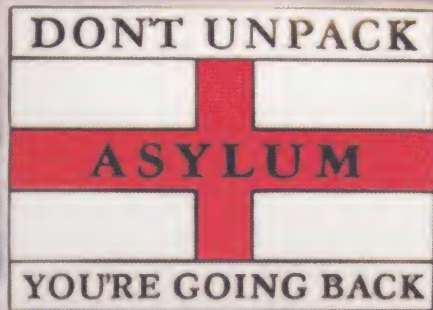
Yet Florence's upbringing did not insulate her from learning of the hardships of the poor and needy. Whilst her family would donate clothes and money to the poor before returning home and slipping back into their comfortable existence, Florence's thoughts dwelled on those most vulnerable members within the wider community. It was clear from very early on that the young Florence Nightingale wanted to spend her life helping people. At seventeen years old Florence experienced something that was to cement her devotion to helping others.

It is reported that she heard a voice in her head that instructed her; you must use your life to do good in the world. For Florence, there was no question. This was a message from God. Even if she could have turned away from the path her life was taking before, she certainly couldn't now. It was soon after this incident that Florence finally settled on her ideal occupation. She decided to become a nurse. The rest, of course, is history, and this history is wonderfully relayed in this book. From it we learn of her early days as a nurse, and her eventual posting to the bloody and diseased war-zones of the Crimean War, where she would gain



her nickname of 'Lady of the Lamp'.

Her reputation from this period grew rapidly, to the point where her fame back home in England was actually a source of extreme embarrassment for her. The story of her life after the war is also told, and so it should be. Florence Nightingale was to spend the rest of her days working intensively in the field of health care, and the significance of her subsequent life's work truly cannot be overstated. Florence Nightingale became an icon of our nation. Monarchs aside, how many other Englishwomen throughout our long history have achieved so much and attained such fame and adoration? This informative and well-illustrated book will serve our young people as a fantastic introduction to one of England's greatest daughters.



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John Bean's Nationalist Notebook

Brown Wants More Teeth for the EU and UN

It shows a degree of naivete when political commentators wonder why Gordon Brown is reneging on the Labour Party's election pledge to call a UK referendum on the new EU Treaty. One thing that stands out with France's President Sarkozy is he appears to be more straightforward than either his predecessor or Gordon Brown. Last month he admitted that referendums on the new Treaty would be lost in France, Britain and most other countries. Brown knows that too, but he will not admit it.

Speaking at the annual Lord Mayor's banquet in the City of London, Brown said that the United Nations, and the EU by implication, should set up a standby force of police and judges that could be dropped into failing states to help rebuild communities. He did not give us a full definition of 'failing', but said that where breakdowns of countries occur, the UN and regional bodies like the EU or African Union "must now systematically combine traditional emergency aid and peacekeeping with stabilisation, reconstruction and development". He also called for "ratcheting up international criminal court actions."

He added that a number of world institutions, including the G8 group of wealthiest nations, the UN, the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank, should be reformed so they are of greater use in the 21st century.

We condemned Tony Blair for his pre-occupation with the international scene, which led to our embroilment in the fiasco of Iraq. This was really the outcome of his liberal-internationalist thinking, the desire for recognition amongst fellow believers on the world stage - now likely to be rewarded with the Presidency of the EU, and the long term objective to make big money. Brown is a far more dangerous person. He is not interested in personal wealth; he is a recycled Marxist dedicated to globalism and the one-world state.

The Farce of Immigrant Security Workers

The last month has seen revelation after revelation on the magnitude of the tidal wave of immigration, which has even shocked those of us who have been performing the role of Cassandra on this issue for more years than we like to remember. All previous figures given by this Government, and mainly supported by the Lib-Dems and Cameronite Tories have now been shown to be so much off the mark that they must indicate either complete incompetence by all old parties or the outcome of a specific plan to change the nature of this country. This is a charge that has certainly been levelled at New Labour and the Lib-Dems, who both count on immigrant votes to gain Parliamentary seats.

It is now admitted that England's population will increase by some 16 million over the next generation - that is twice the population of Greater London. This increase will be 90% due to immigration. And we will have to build 260 new houses every day of the year for the next 20 years just to house new immigrants.



Gordon Brown: More dangerous than Blair

The effects on our health service, schooling and the general infra-structure have been dealt with at length in past issues of *Identity*. No one, of course, has tried to work out the percentage of our existing population that results from post-war Afro-Asian immigration. Apart from being completely outdated, the figures for the 2001 Census have been shown to be completely unreliable on this issue.

We fully support Rosamund McDougall of the Optimum Population Trust when she said last month: "There is no parallel in our history for population growth of this magnitude. The UK is sleep-walking into a population and environmental nightmare."

We need look no further than the farcical situation of the thousands of illegal immigrants working as security guards to see how incompetent our Government, and its civil servants, has become. It is as if in 1940 it was found that the Home Guard had been infiltrated by the Wehrmacht and that Captain Mainwaring was in fact an SS commandant.

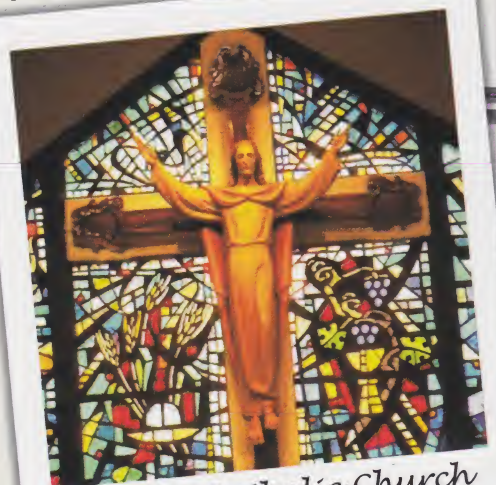
First it was leaked that 5,000 illegals were working in the security industry, and one was actually responsible for checking there were no bombs planted under the PM's official car! The following day, Jacqui Smith, the latest in a long line of incompetent incumbents of the post of Home Secretary, admitted it could be more like 10,000, including those who worked as doormen or private security guards. It was then revealed that eleven of the illegal workers were employed to provide security at Scotland Yard. Others were supposed to have been giving security to various Government offices in Whitehall. Whether this included the Ministry of Defence we do not know, as yet.

Belgian Priest Persecuted For Islamification Warning

One of the rare churches that is packed every weekend is the church of Saint Anthony of Padova in Montignies-sur-Sambre, Belgium, one of the poorest suburbs of Charleroi, a derelict rust belt area to the south of Brussels. Holy Mass in Montignies is conducted in Latin and lasts up to four hours. Yet over 2,000 people have attended services there by Father Samuel. The priest's sermons have dealt with his persecution by the Belgian authorities, who are prosecuting him for "incitement to racist hatred". It is being

brought by the Belgian government's inquisition agency, the so-called Centre for Equal Opportunities and Opposition to Racism (CEOOR), because of a remark he made in a 2002 television interview when he said:

"Every thoroughly Islamised Muslim child that is born in Europe is a time bomb for Western children in the future. The latter



Even the Catholic Church is now 'racist'

will be persecuted when they have become a minority."

Last month the Belgian judiciary decided that the priest will have to stand trial before the penal court in Charleroi. He reacted by repeating his time bomb statement and added that he would be honoured if he had to go to jail for speaking his mind. He called upon the faithful to accompany him to court. "We will turn this into an excursion, driving there in full buses."

Father Samuel's passport gives his name as Charles-Clément Boniface. But in fact he was born in 1942 in Midyat, Turkey, as Samuel Ozdemir. The latter is a surname the priest dislikes because, he explains, it was imposed on his family by the Turks. Samuel was a Christian: "At home we spoke Aramaic, the language of Jesus." The Aramaics are a Catholic minority in Syria and Turkey.

Young Samuel became a Catholic priest. In the mid-1970s he fled to Belgium, claiming that the Aramaic Christians were being persecuted in Turkey. He says he has witnessed in Turkey what the future has in store for Europe. He claims Muslims are invading Europe and warns for an impending civil war. According to Father Samuel "so-called moderate Muslims do not exist."

Note: Before devout Protestants and Odinists pick up their pens, or start tapping on their laptops, I am not a Catholic.

E-Mail Espionage at RDF

In last month's editorial we exposed the incestuous business relationship between the BBC grandees and the so-called independent production company RDF, which tried to show the Queen walking out in a 'huff' in the documentary it was making for the BBC.

Since then Kirsty Wark, BBC *Newsnight* presenter, and her husband Alan Clements, a television producer, have been investigated by the police over alleged data theft. Apparently it is claimed Mr Clements had asked his wife's secretary to hack into the e-mails of his former colleagues at RDF. According to *The Daily Telegraph*, 07.11.07, Mr Clements admitted making the request during a court case brought by RDF, which is trying to stop him moving to Scottish Media Group. RDF says his move is a breach of contract. The row follows a £14 million deal two years ago in which RDF bought IWC, a production company formed by a merger of Wark Clements and Ideal World, and from which Clements made nearly £2 million. Ideal World was owned by Hamish Barbour and his wife Muriel Gray, the Scottish television presenter.

Talk about keeping it in the family! But how do these trendy leftie TV producers and presenters equate their obsessional money-grubbing with the socio-political attitudes they recommend for the viewers?

The Global Slump Accelerates

In our September issue we mentioned that the BNP had long predicted the global slump, which had then just become a main issue and has now accelerated. With stock markets falling worldwide, in his article this month Nick Griffin explains the wider implications of the global financial chaos, and what it means to Britain.

In essence the BNP view is that we must retain and regain British ownership and control of British industry and resources, including financial resources, as much as is possible in today's world climate. We must give protection for industry and jobs by selective tariffs on foreign manufactured goods. We should stop artificially inflating the value of the pound, which makes British workers more expensive and foreign workers cheaper. As the over-valued Euro is now showing, particularly in Germany, an equally over-valued pound may make imports cheaper in the short term but the resultant trade deficit destroys jobs (as American workers have found), depletes our productive industry, increases foreign

ownership of our economy, raises our indebtedness to foreigners, and is unsustainable in the long term.

Taxing Alcohol Will Only Close More Pubs

I fully support those who condemn binge drinking. The Muslim community make a valid point when they condemn the spectacle of drunken youths and young women rolling in gutters all over Britain on weekend nights. It is a symbolic part of our national decadence.

Led by such bodies as the Alcohol Health Alliance, who are rightly concerned with the damage to health by

excessive drinking, a campaign is now afoot to increase the taxes on alcoholic drinks. At present, the binge drinkers can start off at home, or in the streets, before they go clubbing or pubbing by swilling lager bought for as little as 22p for a half pint equivalent at any of the main supermarkets, or revolting so-called wine for as little as £1.79 a bottle. This is where the brewers are making good money, for the supermarkets are selling the drinks as 'loss leaders'. Meanwhile, the costs the brewers inflict on tied pubs, and now even working men's clubs, means that a pint of lager costs a minimum of £2.70 and bitter £2.40. In London bitter is around £3 a pint.

The pubs are already suffering from the Nanny State ban on smoking (I would say that, as I smoke four Hamlets a week with a pint, or two, of real ale) and they would suffer more from any increase in alcohol tax. Instead, it should be made illegal for supermarkets to sell alcohol below cost price. It is estimated that three pubs a day are now closing, particularly country pubs, because more drinkers are now drinking at home, including those in the cities and larger towns who find it is safer to do so.



The Government forces even more pub closures

Happy Christmas - Before It's Downgraded

If Nick Pearce of the Institute for Public Policy Research, now head of public policy at 10 Downing Street, has his way we will not be able in future to wish our readers a Happy Christmas and Yuletide.

He suggests Christmas should be downgraded in favour of festivals from other religions to improve race relations. Labour's favourite think-tank says that because it would be hard to 'expunge' Christmas from the national calendar, 'even-handedness' means public organisations must start giving other religions equal footing.

Rural Britain, the report complains, 'remains a largely white place'. It says that much more needs to be done to 'ensure access' to the countryside for black and ethnic minority groups, disabled people and children from inner city areas.

The objective of the report was to call on Ministers to launch an 'urgent and upfront campaign' promoting a 'multicultural understanding of Britishness'.

The Adrian Marston was found in the Mixenden waste tip west of the town which has few houses and no shops.

Alexander told the MP for Halifax, Alan Mahon, "I don't know where he went." He said that people there were wearing smart suits but under their coats they had guns.

"The same day I saw a man who was used to accommodate asylum seekers on a temporary basis."

He said that in Caythorpe, Lincoln, are about 300 asylum seekers.

There was a considerable increase in infective diseases in the area, said Mr. Williams, the liver disease specialist at the St John's hospital in the town.

Two family members were arrested yesterday at their families home in the Grey Wolves Turkey's whose wife tentacles spread world wide. Police believe they are the biggest heroin suppliers in Britain.

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D. S. Boyes
Leeds

Teachers Who Can't Spell

**Dr A. Emerson
Chichester**

>> All White In Paris

Dale Welsh
Chester

Disaster Capitalism



Neil Daws
E-mail

Identity Fraud Hotspots

David Hamilton
Birmingham

>> M & S And School Uniforms

P. G. Willis
Paignton

Mr Farquhar
glad the jud
but no amount
compensate for
police men

The controversial article by Dave Hannam in October's issue on the subject of Scottish independence needs a robust answer of some of the wrong erroneous drawn from various opinion polls cited by the author. As a proud Englishman who has lived in Scotland on and off for 25 years I have personal knowledge of the English aspirations for a louder voice as well as witnessing and experiencing the thoughts and opinions of everyday Scots folk. The idea that the BNP should cease campaigning in Scotland merely because there is *some* support for Scottish independence is a flawed premise on which to base a coherent argument.

The existence and future status of the three component members of Great Britain (Ulster is a subject separate from the scope of this article) is an issue that has been competently addressed by several British nationalist writers over the past six years. The conclusion reached on each occasion is that there is a place for both nationalism of one's own ethnic identity and loyalty to and nationalism of a wider British identity without any contradiction or conflict of interest. It is possible to be proud of one's own Scottish ancestry and express loyalty to Scotland as a nation, as well as being proud of the larger British family. It is not just theoretically possible but an everyday occurrence; millions of Scots both in Scotland and those who make up the diaspora see no contradiction in being Scottish and British, many more English see no contradiction in being English and British.

The term British is used here in its linguistically correct form prior to its Marxist mangling. While Gordon Brown and his cronies may (incorrectly) use "British" to include all featherless bipeds who arrive on these shores and claim allegiance to a flag, genuine Britons, whether they are currently BNP voters or not, know that the term British means much more than that; it has a cultural and ethnic foundation extending back over several thousand years to the end of the last Ice Age long before cartographers produced

The Myth of Scottish Independence?

» In reply to David Hannam's article on The Rise of English Nationalism in October's issue of *Identity*, Steve Blake argues that Scottish independence is in fact just a myth.

maps showing the borders of Pictish, Scottish, Cambrian and Saxon kingdoms.

CLEAR HEADED APPROACH

Now to the crux of the article. Contrary to Dave Hannam's view the rise of modern Scottish nationalism has not created a "headache for the ideologically sound BNP". Scottish nationalism is neither a new phenomenon nor is it a barrier to the electoral success of the BNP in Scotland. The SNP has been around since the 1930s and devolution of many powers from Westminster to Holyrood has been their greatest achievement. That those devolved powers are still subject to legislation from

Brussels has clearly been missed by many who cast a vote for the SNP.

The real barriers to the BNP's election performance will be discussed later.

Quite simply there is no overwhelming support for Scottish independence, a conclusion illustrated by the very facts Mr. Hannam himself uses.

The ten year ICM record shows that support for independence peaked in 1998, the year before the opening of the Scottish Parliament. Since then support for independence has slumped to as low as 44% in February this year. A further poll, admittedly recorded after the article in *Identity* appeared (of which the author would have been unaware) shows only 23% of people quizzed in the highly regarded Scottish Social Attitudes Survey favoured independence, compared with 55% who want devolution with tax-raising powers.

Furthermore the Scottish Parliament, while currently enjoying an administration led by the Scottish National Party, is dominated by pro-Union parties. The results of the 2007 Parliamentary Election are unambiguous, Scots have always voted and continue to vote for pro-Union parties. A total of 79 MSPs sit in Holyrood representing Labour, Lib-Dems and Conservative compared to 47 Scottish Nationalists. The SNP administration as the largest party, with 47 MSPs has a majority of one and just one death, one resignation or one floor-crossing will end the SNP experiment.

Independence is not an everyday subject of conversation. Far more pressing concerns are job security, safe streets for children, warm homes for pensioners and worries about immigration, concerns shared by the voters of Aberdeen and Perth as much as Aylesbury and Peterborough.

Any "tensions" arising from devolution to Wales and Scotland are illusory. There are always plenty of lurid headlines in the likes of *The Sun* and *Daily Mail* that the English taxpayer is coughing up for limousines which convey Scottish pensioners dozens of miles on moorland tracks to pharmacists to get their free prescriptions, glasses, false teeth and manicures. It is far more entertaining for those paper's English readers who have their views reinforced at every reading that David Cameron's Tories will lead the country to some kind of political and economic renaissance. Tensions are neither manifesting themselves in deed - English holidaymakers haven't stopped swelling the coffers of Scotland's tourist industry, nor in thought. There are no English based organisations agitating for the boycott of English-Scottish sports fixtures.

The English and the Scots get along extremely well in all fields of human endeavour. Men from the Highlands and Hampshire lie together in death, as they stood together in life waging battles and securing success across four continents.

Biggest Taxpayers

Ranking	Region	Tax
1	London	£10,947
2	Scotland	£9,593
3	South East	£9,397
4	Eastern	£8,172
5	South West	£7,373
6	East Midlands	£7,174
7	West Midlands	£6,998
8	North West	£6,913
9	Yorks & Humber	£6,524
10	Northern Ireland	£6,059
11	North East	£6,029
12	Wales	£5,979

Biggest Spenders

Ranking	Region	Spend
1	Northern Ireland	£10,271
2	London	£9,748
3	Scotland	£9,631
4	North East	£9,162
5	Wales	£8,969
6	North West	£8,645
7	South West	£8,351
8	Yorks & Humber	£8,170
9	West Midlands	£7,929
10	South East	£7,544
11	East Midlands	£7,359
12	Eastern	£7,256

Biggest Drain on the Public Purse

Ranking	Region	Gain
1	Northern Ireland	£4,212
2	North East	£3,133
3	Wales	£2,990
4	North West	£1,732
5	Yorks & Humber	£1,646
6	South West	£978
7	West Midlands	£931
8	East Midlands	£185
9	Scotland	£38
10	Eastern	-£916
11	London	-£1,199
12	South East	-£1,853

*All figures are per head of population

Issue Not Clear Cut

The October issue article by David Hannam pushes what I believe to be the quite spurious idea of electoral advantage to be gained by the BNP if a policy change in the direction of English Nationalism is made. He makes use of recent opinion polls which seem to suggest that many votes are to be gleaned by this change.

I do not have all the facts to hand to contradict these polls, but I will mention that BBC's Radio5 Live programme frequently reports (contrary to David's statistics) that most Scots folk consistently vote against Scottish independence.

An important point in regard to these polls and overlooked by Mr Hannam is the obvious fact that if several parties jump on to the same English Nationalist bandwagon, as he seems to suggest, then that vote will be fatally split. If the BNP remains constant in its policy of British Nationalism then we should garner many, if not most, of the pro-British votes on this issue. Will we gain more votes on the swings than we lose on the roundabouts? The issue is not nearly as clear-cut as David Hannam seems to suggest.

James Marshall Bridge,
Bolton BNP

Scotland hasn't witnessed anything along the lines of cottage burning which was in the 70s and 80s a way of demonstrating resistance to the perceived English colonisation of Wales.

The reality of Scotland's burden on hard pressed taxpayers in the Home Counties makes depressing reading for those who support the case to cast adrift Scotland to its fate in a United States of Europe. It's a big lie, conjured up not by genuine English nationalists who are far more cerebral and pragmatic, but by bigoted newspaper columnists of both Tory and liberal persuasion, handsomely paid to drum up support for the EU project which can more easily subsume a separate Scotland, Wales and an England made up of arbitrary regions than it can a genuinely cohesive and strong United Kingdom comfortable with its own identity.

MONEY MATTERS

The UK region which places the biggest burden on the public purse is, not surprisingly, Northern Ireland, which for very obvious political reasons as well as a low density of population has seen Treasury money lavishly spent to heal the wounds of 40 years of the Troubles, or perhaps more cynically as a reward to IRA/Sinn Féin for putting their murderous weapons beyond effective use. London and Surrey based Celtophobes could make a better case for the English North East

Scottish Growth for the BNP

I feel that David Hannam needs correcting in his dismissal of BNP Scotland in his article on the rise of English Nationalism in October's *Identity*. He is wrong to suggest that polls show Scotland would vote 'yes' for independence. They do not.

A recent poll found 50% of Scots disagreed with the proposal of independence, while 15% were undecided. A minority of 35% agreed with the proposition. Further analysis of the polls' findings show that women (53%) opposed the proposition more than men (46%), but as with the overall result the majority of both males and females stood opposed to independence.

Most telling of all though was that 63% of professionals opposed the SNP plan, confirming that independence would be a financial disaster for Scotland especially as the SNP insist that they will remain within the financially-draining EU, which also makes a mockery of their claim to want an independent nation state.

He is also wrong in his assumption that Scottish people are not going to vote BNP in any significant numbers. The facts are that in 2003 the BNP stood in one region and received 2,344 votes. In 2007 we stood 32 candidates in all eight regions and received 23,995 votes. This time in local elections in the Aberdeen area alone we stood 7 candidates and have many more ready to stand at the next local elections.

While David is right in saying that people think that they are voting for a nationalist party when they vote SNP and are becoming disillusioned by finding out the truth about that party, he is wrong to say they would not vote BNP. I can assure him that as someone living in the SNP heartland, many former SNP voters are now supporting and indeed will vote for us next time.

The BNP in Scotland has made great strides in recent years, we are well organised and motivated, our numbers swell with more people moving to Scotland every day due to white flight. David has forgotten the vast number of English now living in Scotland who are British nationalists and will be voting for us in the future. I have no doubt that we will see local candidates elected in Scotland, and hopefully MEPs in 2009. We cannot and will not give up the struggle for BRITISH Nationalism here in Scotland.

Gary Raikes

Moray & Gordon Organiser, Scotland

region to go it alone rather than Scotland which takes from the Treasury a mere £38 per capita more than it gives; a small price to maintain the Union.

The Scottish workforce is the second

Glasgow BNP remember our war dead



largest contributor per head of any UK region outside London. The figures shatter the tabloid created myth of hard working Home County commuters having to endure mind numbing journeys on the M25 to pay for Scottish prescriptions.

The biggest spenders, contrary to popular myth, are Northern Ireland for reasons above and surprisingly London. The government dished out £9,748 for every man, woman and child in the Capital, not least because of its armies of civil servants and creaking, expensive and essential transport infrastructure. Scotland was third on the list.

PARLIAMENT QUESTION

The BNP does not need to "walk a fine line" on the issue of an English Parliament, the motion was passed overwhelmingly at our Conference in 2006 and this issue has been included on campaign material throughout 2007. It is not a pressing issue at the moment but it is our issue. I agree with the author that we should hammer home this issue where appropriate so we do not need to be coy about it. We made the decision to even the imbalance in representation and that's how we will address the West Lothian question.

However there is an understandable fear amongst voters that this will be merely another level of expensive government. The British are already over-governed, we have

unitary local authorities in Scotland whereas the English are still burdened by district and county councils, MPs, the House of Lords, regional assemblies (soon to be abolished) and of course Europe. The Scots and Welsh have another tier of costly government.

It is fitting here to revisit the concept of the Council of the Isles first submitted by BNP Chairman Nick Griffin on the governance of the UK. Such a body would be a replacement for Westminster where Wales, Scotland, England, the self-governing island dependencies would send representatives from their own legislatures to discuss and agree on issues of supra-national importance such as foreign policy, defence, environment and large scale engineering works whether nuclear power stations or a high speed Aberdeen to Dover rail link.

ELECTION HURDLES

So why hasn't the British National Party mustered enough votes to save a deposit in any election in Scotland let alone managed to get any councillors elected?

As far as the newspaper reading public are concerned the BNP has been a single-issue party opposed to mass migration. Mass migration has not been a pressing issue in Scotland until relatively recently. Population figures from 2003 show that Scotland is an homogenous nation; less



than 70,000 of Scotland's five million population are from ethnic minority backgrounds, which are concentrated in pockets in Glasgow, Edinburgh and Dundee. Scots have not felt that their identity is being threatened to the same degree as the declining numbers of English in inner city England. This however is changing. Creeping Islamification is visible in Glasgow and Dundee as much as Gravesend and Doncaster. Our political masters have unleashed an untamed dragon into our midst. Only the BNP is being credited, even unwittingly by our opponents, with a solution to deal with this terrifying monster. Tories who dare speak out about Islamification are accused of "talking the language of the BNP", quite so! Add to this the eastern European migration and Scottish workers are beginning to worry about their jobs as well as their identity.

Internally the BNP has undergone major changes in the past few years and BNP Scotland is made up of men and women from a broad range of backgrounds reflecting the wider Scottish population. It has also overcome the division of pointless religious sectarianism which remains a mystery to many outside Scotland. Our manifesto of a better future for our people unites Catholics, Protestants and the secular.

The Party has some first class organisers learning the lessons of colleagues

south of the border and busy sinking roots at community politics level. In a show of quick "catch-up" I confidently predict that as long as present demographic trends continue to get worse for ethnic Scots then the British National Party will have its first councillors at local authority level within the next 24 months as well as witnessing a massive growth in the European elections in 2009.

The overwhelming majority wish to preserve the Union is not borne out of some outdated sentimentality. The Union is not on the verge of breakup, the voters of Scotland, England and Wales are not demanding it and while we continue to face shared threats internally from a gang of Marxist crooks who are working tirelessly to discard nation states into the history books, and externally from plundering multi-national corporations and pushy Islamic clerics our mutual survival and future prosperity is far more assured staying together than working apart.

Beware False-Flag English Nationalists

My fellow BNP member, Gary Raikes, seems to have read my article with an emotionally charged frame-of mind, rather than a detached analysis.

I stated in the article that there is undeniable public support for Scottish Independence, and certainly for a Referendum on the issue. Support does not mean overall support, it means what it says, support! However, a trend is hard to stop, and the polls I show illustrate an inevitably independent Scotland, and on the back of this, English resentment and a rise in English nationalist sentiment.

In my October article I provided a 10 year record of polls to highlight my point regarding the growing support for Scottish independence; therefore my article is not a wholly subjective opinion. Indeed, much of it is against the grain of my nationalist ideology, being a *British* Nationalist. However, practicalities and the danger of the BNP being swept away by some false-flag English nationalist party makes the issue no longer avoidable.

As for Scottish people voting for the BNP in significant numbers. In the May 2007 Local Elections, the Scottish average vote for the BNP was 2.3%. 2.3% in any country are not significant numbers. In the BNP Scotland 'heartland' of Glasgow, we contested four seats and mustered 840 votes, equating to 2.6%. In 2003 Scotland stood one Local Election Ward and received 73 votes.

He also states that in the 2003 General Election, Scotland stood in one region and received 2,344 votes, or 0.1% of the national Scotland vote; and in 2007 Scotland raised its vote to 23,995 votes in the Scottish Parliamentary Election. These I

am sad to say are not happy figures. The figure of 23,995 votes is the culminate figure of the whole 7 candidates who stood in 2007, and the increase from 0.1% in 2003 rises to a mere 1.02% in 2007.

I can understand the point the writer makes regarding the idea that English people living in Scotland might vote for the BNP in larger numbers, but migration trends between the two countries are actually the opposite way around. Scottish people tend to migrate south in higher numbers than English migrating north across the border, so that negates that point. There is obviously no growing English population emigrating to Scotland who will vote BNP! Also, there is absolutely no evidence that the small numbers of English emigrating to Scotland are British Nationalists.

However the whole point of the article has been missed. As I said in the article, the practicality of the growing trend of English Nationalism is not a rejection of our Scottish counterparts, but merely a wise acceptance of the changing political landscape. Whether we in the BNP like it or not, devolution is creating tensions between England and Scotland, which will bring even more fervour to the English nationalist movement. If we decide not to be a part of that political 'band-wagon', we will be thrown into the waste bin of politics and a false-flag English nationalist party will take our place. If we accept the growing need to support English nationalism, and all its values, and change the way we encounter our voters on this issue, we will prosper.

To make my personal stance clear. I am a British Nationalist, as I explain in the first paragraph of my article, and a few times throughout. I have been a British Nationalist for 10 years when I joined at the age of 16. However, the fight we are in is tricky. Devolution leading to Independence is inevitable. (*in the writer's opinion, but not mine - Editor*) When Scotland achieves it, the British press in England will use it to heighten the growing sense of English patriotism that is growing massively. If we avoid the issue, another state-backed false-flag English nationalist party will sweep us away. It is a clear choice. And just as the BNP will one day be victorious, and that will obviously take place first in the English heartlands, so will Scotland. However, the Scottish are proud and naturally independent minded, and because of that, the BNP will not be the likely vehicle for success in Scotland, more likely the Scottish will hopefully throw out the crooked SNP and replace it with a genuine Scottish Nationalist Party, but I doubt very much that that party will be the BNP. In England, all the signs point to a BNP riding the growing wave of English nationalism that will help us achieve the same victory.

David Hannam
Market Weighton

BUILDING TO GROW

All the signs are that the debt-fuelled boom is turning into a massive bust. The 'want it, get it, pay for it later' consumerism that has lulled the public into accepting the political elite's destruction of our traditional society is coming to an end. The soft times that allowed people to dodge hard choices are over.

We all know that such changes will totally transform the potential for a radical, anti-system organisation like the British National Party. Levels of growth that were once unthinkable become natural in such times. The scene is set for an explosion in support for the BNP - our key job is to be ready for it. You can help turn our hopes and aspirations into a reality by making a donation.



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£10.00 for 50; £10.80 for 60; £12.55 for 80-100

ference 2007

Quite simply this year's Annual Conference was the biggest and most professional event of this type the party has ever held.

Beginning with a black tie gala dinner on the Friday evening things got off to a bang. The after dinner speech was delivered by Arthur Kemp, the new head of Voting Member training, who gave an inspiring talk which tied historical acts of valiance with today's modern struggle for Britain.

Saturday morning saw nearly 200 BNP delegates register for the training day which covered a range of new topics and ideas not previously covered at the Summer School, it also saw the launching of the new Education and Training department, with complete sets of computer and projection training equipment being handed over to each region.

The main hall was packed as delegates listened to speeches by Nick Griffin and Arthur Kemp, Jackie Griffin, Mark Collett and John Ryde, Simon Darby, Steve Blake as well as numerous other local and

national officials including the head of our newly announced intelligence department Lance Stewart, a former high-ranking police officer and a veteran from the very first BNP way back in 1959.

Whilst the stage in the main room was kept busy other seminars took place elsewhere in the hotel, with talks by the National Elections Officer Eddy Butler and by the Treasury team, John Walker and Dave Hannam, who gave vital training to branch and regional fund holders.

The evening saw a huge buffet and disco as well as live entertainment, including a great set Elvis Presley! Long after the entertainment had finished old friends were found re-aquainting themselves in the bar.

The Sunday saw the conference itself

take place. The day w leader Nick Griffin an deputy leader Simon all over the country d forward by the voting different regions at th earlier in the year.

The debates were getting a chance to sp the direction the party future.

With three years Conferences now und 'culture of debate and Nick Griffin called fo system is clearly taki National Party is mor hands of the people v the Voting Members.